

Physicochemical stability of etoposide diluted at range concentrations between 0.38 and 1.75 mg/mL in polyolefin bags.

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N°058

-0.38 mg/mL

-0.74 mg/mL

Introduction

Etoposide: Manufacturer's stability data

- C = 0.2 mg/mL -> 96 hours
- C = 0.4 mg/mL -> 48 hours

C > 0.4 mg/mL = risk of precipitation

... and patients with fluid restrictions?

Etoposide phosphate (Etopophos®) → no limit concentration

Etopophos®: frequent stockouts, financial aspect: Etoposide 200 mg/mL ≈ 4 € - Etopophos® 100 mg ≈ 30 €

Objectives

1) Physicochemical stability study of etoposide

- C = 0.38; 0.74; 1.26; 1.75mg/mL
- Containers: polyolefin bags (Easyflex®, MacoPharma)
- Solvent = 0.9% sodium chloride (NaCl 0.9%); 5% glucose (G5%)
- Storage = 25°C not protected from light; 2-8 °C protected from light
- Analysis = on days 0, 9, 16, 21, 28 and 61

(2) Impact of the mechanical action of an infusion volumetric pump and use of an administration set including an 0.2 µm in-line micro-filter.

Materials and Method

Chemical stability

1 Validation of the analytical method as recommended by ICH Q2(R1)

Method: HPLC-DAD detector at 285 nm

- C18 LiChrospher® 12.5 cm, particle size=5µm
- Mobile phase: gradient :

S1: formic acid: triethylamine: ultrapure water (1:1:998) S2: : formic acid: triethylamine: acetonitrile (1:1:998)

- Flow rate: 1 mL/min
- Injection volume: 50 μL
- Forced degradation: HCl 0.5M (15 min); NaOH 0,01M (5 min); H₂O₂ 3%; UV (15 min, 30 min, 1h, 12h under a lamp at 254 nm); heat (15 min, 30 min, 1h, 2h at 60°C)
- 2 pH measurement

Physical stability

Visual examination: change of colour, precipitation, gas formation Subvisual examination: turbidimetry by spectrophotometry at 550 nm



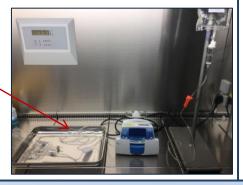
2 bags for each condition (B1 – B2)

Action of an infusion volumetric pump

 One bag for each condition Each solvent: NaCl 0.9% or G5% Each temperature: 25°C or 2-8°C C: 0.38, 0.74, 1.26 and 1.75 mg/mL

Visual examination **HPLC** analysis

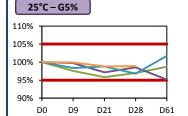
Use of an administration set including an 0.2 μm inline microfilter

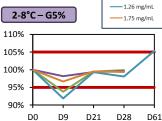


Results

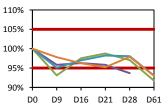
- 1 Validation: HPLC method
- Linearity: r²>0.999 (Standard curve 5 points: 10-90 μg/mL)
- Repeatability and intermediate precision: CV<2.25%
- Stability indicating capacity: degradation products observed

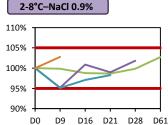
(2) Chemical stability –HPLC





25°C-NaCl 0.9%





pH measurement; no modification

3 Physical stability

: no visual r

: precipitatio	n											
			25°C					2-8°C				
: no visual modification			D9	D16	D21	D28	D61	D9	D16	D21	D28	D61
	NaCl 0.9%	0.38 mg/mL										
		0.74 mg/mL					B1/B2					B1
		1.26 mg/mL									B1	B2
		1.75 mg/mL					B2	B2	B1			
	G5%	0.38 mg/mL										B1
		0.74 mg/mL										B1
		1.26 mg/mL										
		1.75 mg/mL					B1		B2			B1
wisual aspect: no modification												

Subvisual aspect: no modification

Conclusion



Etoposide solution diluted in G5% up to a concentration at 1.75 mg/mL: stable for 28 days at 25°C!

- 1 Alternative to Etopophos® 2 Preparation in advance
- (3) Use an administration set with an in-line micro-filter



Higher risk of precipitation in these conditions:

- (1) storage at 2-8°C
- (2) NaCl 0.9% and a high concentration